



**CHILDREN,**  
slaves of the  
modern  
world

I found information on child slavery on the websites of various foundations, on the Unicef website. We can find more and more information about forced child labor on the internet. It is worth delving into this topic. The best sites I could find were:



### Strona główna - Odkrywamy Zakryte %

Odkrywamy Zakryte to bezkompromisowy polski portal edukacyjny, zajmujący się ujawnianiem kłamstw oficjalnej nauki, polityki, mediów i medycyny.

 Odkrywamy Zakryte



**FUNDACJA >>**  
**DZIECI AFRYKI**  
POMAGAMY OSIEROCONYM DZIECIOM I  
UBOGIM RODZINOM W AFRYCE  
 DZIECI AFRYKI



### UNICEF Polska - pomagamy dzieciom

UNICEF jest organizacją humanitarną i rozwojową działającą na rzecz...

 [unicef.pl](http://unicef.pl)

Many of us don't notice this problem and don't believe that there is such a thing as slavery in the 21st century.

However, it's believed that up to 400 million children in the world work as slaves instead of enjoying the fun, care of their parents or going to school and spending time with friends.



# SOMETHING ABOUT THIS PROBLEM

Children working in factories are exhausted, emaciated, suffer from many diseases and often die prematurely. They are usually sold to factories by their parents for little money. This is a situation that shouldn't take place.



# WHY KIDS?

Children are employed for several reasons:

1. They are more obedient than adults and their maintenance is cheaper
2. Working out family debts is a very common reason
3. In many cases, payment for work doesn't exist, the child only receives a meal and clothing, in other places remuneration is extremely low.



# LITTLE SLAVES IN AFRICA

- In **Sierra Leone**, children are forced to work hard and exhausting when mining diamonds from the mine.
- In the **Republic of the Congo**, they acquire coltan and cassiterite from the mine, i.e. the elements necessary to produce cell phones, computers, MP3 players and other electronic gadgets, which are common in our reality.
- In **West Africa**, approximately 15,000 children work on cocoa farms that are exported for chocolate.





## INDIA AND AFGHANISTAN-THE LARGEST CENTRES OF CHILD SLAVERY

The main activities of these children are the textile industry and the production of rugs for their owners, they often work in the production of bricks.

They are constantly beaten and tortured, which is supposed to affect the level of obedience and force them to perform the entrusted work.

Constant staying in closed and dark rooms is a threat to the sight that these children may lose. In addition, they are constantly inhaling wool dust and they develop numerous respiratory diseases such as tuberculosis or pollinosis.

It is believed that in this way about 300,000 boys work in these areas.

# A DIFFERENT FORM OF SLAVERY

In the territories of countries such as **Vietnam, Cambodia and Sudan**, it's common to kidnap girls and force them into prostitution.

They have absolutely nothing to say, they do not earn, they are treated differently, but they constantly increase the income of their owners.

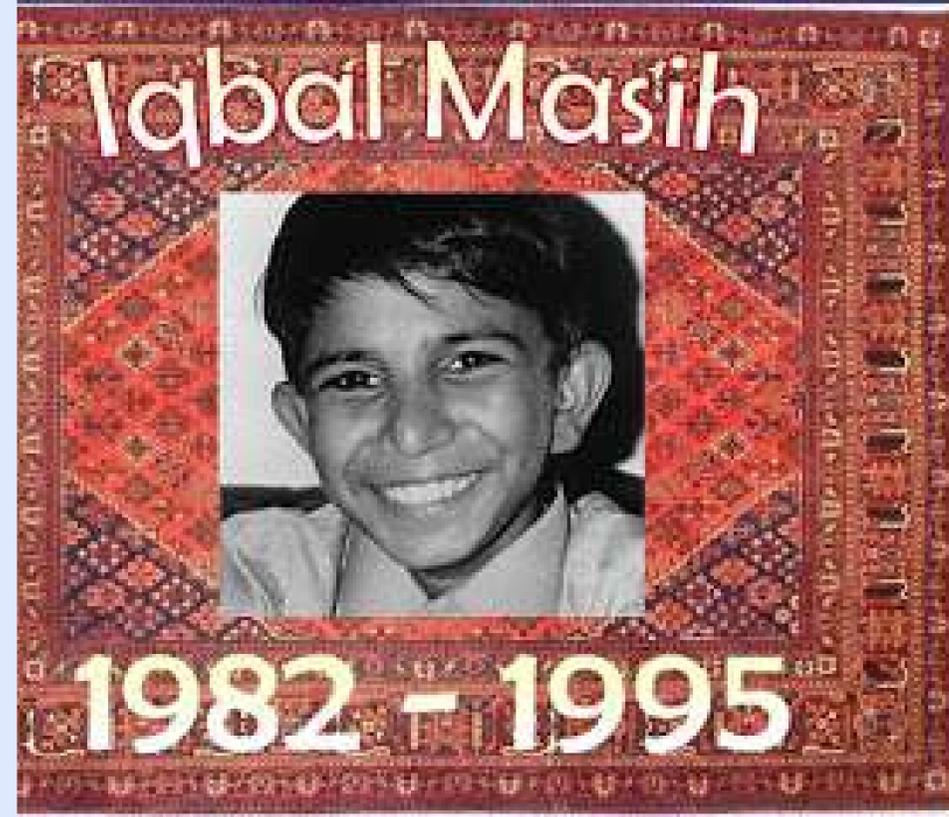
**Zainab Hawa Bangura**, who has recently become the UN Special Representative for sexual violence in conflict countries, admits that the situation in Bentiu is worse than ever. Small children are raped there, and on the radio he calls to hurt women and girls only on the basis of their origin. It is the unbelief of torture and trauma for girls, usually very young.



# SLAVES-SYMBOL

**April 16** is symbolic, because it was on that day in 1995 that a Pakistani boy from a Christian family, Iqbal Masih, was murdered.

The boy was born in 1982, when he was only 4 years old, his father sold him captive to a carpet maker for only 600 rupees, equivalent to about \$ 12. The purpose of the transaction was to raise funds to celebrate the wedding of an older son.



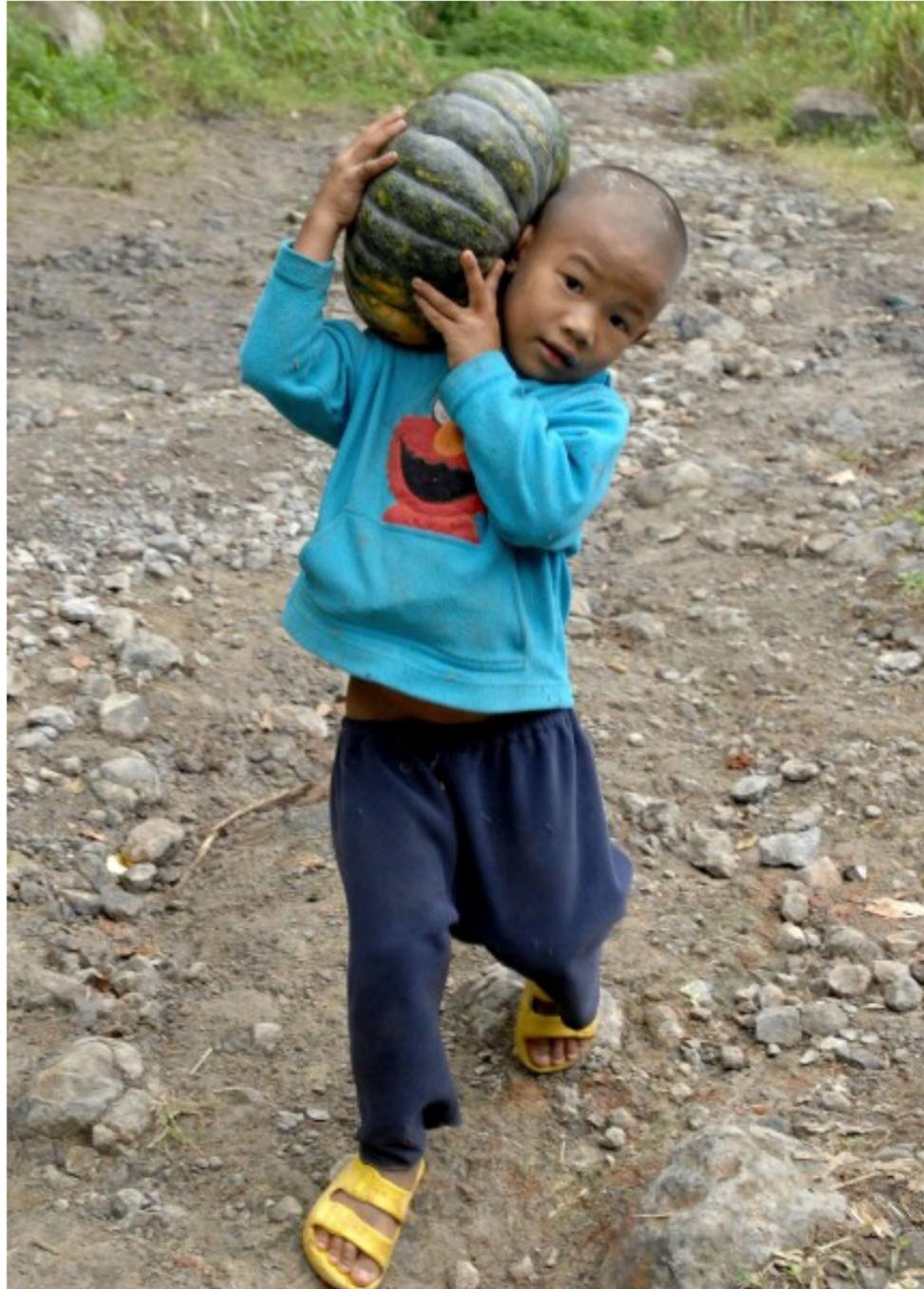
As a small boy, Iqbal was forced to work harder than 12 hours a day, he was beaten and chained to the loom. When he was 10 years old he managed to escape from the factory.

**On April 16, 1995**, he took part in the Resurrection Mass, then, in the evening he rode a bicycle to his hometown, where he was shot. At the time of his death, Iqbal was not 13 years old and became a symbol of the fight for better fate for many children like him.

# HOW IT MAKES ME FEEL



Once I was not aware of the seriousness of the situation. I thought it wasn't that bad and people are exaggerating. However, now when I was looking for information, I felt terrible in the interest of thinking that there are children in the world who have nothing and are used. It showed me that I live in very good conditions and I shouldn't complain, just enjoy what I have. Making presentation on this subject has greatly influenced my perception of the world. I am of the opinion that these countries must be helped and not condemn these children to suffering.



## HOW WE CAN HELP?

- There are many organizations in Poland that help children. **AFRICA CHILDREN** is such an organization. Where can we donate 1% tax, e.g. for the construction of a school for children.
- As teenagers, we can organize cash, food, clothing collections at schools and give them to foundations.
- It is also possible to become a volunteer and help in person.

**THANKS FOR WATCHING**



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